he said that it is authentic according to the criteria of the two Shaykhs (Al-Bukhari and Muslim). An-Nasa’i also recorded it. This is the end of the Tafsir of Surah Laylat Al-Qadr, and all praise and blessings are due to Allah.

The Tafsir of Surat Lam Yakun (Al-Bayyinah)

(Chapter - 98)

Which was revealed in Al-Madinah

The Messenger of Allah recited this Surah to Ubayy

Imam Ahmad recorded from Anas bin Malik that the Messenger of Allah said to Ubayy bin Ka`b,

»إنَّ اللَّهَ أُمَرَّني أنْ أَقْرَأَ عَلَيْكَ
(لمَّا يَكَن الْذِّينَ كَفُّرُوا مِنْ أَهْلِ الْكِتَابِ)

«

(Verily, Allah has commanded me to recite to you (Those who disbelieve from among the People of the Scripture.)) Ubayy said, "He (Allah) mentioned me by name to you" The Prophet replied,

»نَعَمَ

«

(Yes.) So he (Ubayy) cried. Al-Bukhari, Muslim, At-Tirmidhi and An-Nasa’i all recorded this Hadith from Shu'bah.

In the Name of Allah, the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful.

(لمَّا يَكَن الْذِّينَ كَفُّرُوا مِنْ أَهْلِ الْكِتَابِ
وَالْمُشْرِكِينَ مُنفِّكِينَ حَتَّى تَأْتِيهمُ الْبَيْتَةُ رَسُولُ
مَنْ اللَّهِ يَبْتَلُو صُحْفاً مُطَهَّرَةً فِيهَا كَتْبٌ قِيِّمَةٌ
وَمَا تَفْرَقَ الْذِّينَ أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ إِلَّاْ مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا

يسْمِ اللهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ)
(1. Those who disbelieve from among the People of the Scripture and the idolators, were not going to leave until there came to them the Bayyinah.) (2. A Messenger from Allah reciting purified pages.) (3. Wherein are upright Books.) (4. And the People of the Scripture differed not until after there came to them the Bayyinah.) (5. And they were commanded not, but that they should worship Allah, making religion purely for Him alone, Hunafa', and that they perform Salah and give Zakah, and that is the right religion.)

Mentioning the Situation of the Disbelievers among the People of the Scripture and the Idolators

As for the People of the Scripture, they are the Jews and the Christians, and the idolators are the worshippers of idols and fire among the Arabs and the non-Arabs. Mujahid said, they are not going (to leave) "Meaning, they will not be finished until the truth becomes clear to them." Qatadah also said the same thing.

(Those who disbelieve from among the People of the Scripture and idolators, were not going to leave until there came to them the Bayyinah.) Then He explains what the Bayyinah is by His saying, (A Messenger from Allah, reciting purified pages.) meaning, Muhammad and the Magnificent Qur'an he recites, which is written down among the most high gathering in purified pages. This is similar to Allah's statement,
(In Records held in honor. Exalted, purified, in the hands of scribes (angels). Honorable and obedient.) (80:13-16) Then Allah says,

(Wherein are upright Books.) Ibn Jarir said, "Meaning in the purified pages are Books from Allah that are upright, just and straight. They have no mistakes in them because they are from Allah, the Mighty and Majestic."

The Differing only occurred after the Knowledge came

Allah says,

(And the People of the Scripture differed not until after there came to them the Bayyinah.)

This is similar to Allah's statement,

(And be not as those who divided and differed among themselves after the Bayyinat came to them. It is they for whom there is an awful torment.) (3:105) This refers to the people of those divinely revealed Scriptures that were sent down to the nations that were before us. After Allah established the proofs and evidences against them, they divided and differed concerning that which Allah had intended in their Scriptures, and they had many differences. This is like what has been reported in a Hadith that has many routes of transmission,
Verily, the Jews differed until they became seventy-one sects. And verily, the Christians differed until they became seventy-two sects. And this Ummah will divide into seventy-three sects, and all of them will be in the Fire except one.) They said, "Who are they, O Messenger of Allah" He replied,

"مَا أَنَا عَلَيْهِ وَأَصْحَابِي" (Those who are upon) what I and my Companions are upon.)

The Command of Allah was merely that They make their Religion solely for Him

Allah says,

وَمَا أُمِرُوا إِلَّا لِيَعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ مُخْلِصِينَ لَهُ الْدِّينَ

(And they were commanded not, but that they should worship Allah, making religion purely for Him alone,) This is similar to Allah's statement,

وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَا مِنْ قَبْلِكَ مِنْ رَسُولٍ إِلَّا نَوْحَى إِلَيْهِ أَنَّهُ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّاَ أَنَا فَاعْبُدْنَاهُ

(And We did not send any Messenger before you but We revealed to him: La ilaha illa Ana.) (21:25) Thus, Allah says,

(عَنْقَآءَةِ) (Hunafa') meaning, avoiding Shirk and being truly devout to Tawhid. This is like Allah's statement,

وَلَقَدْ بَعَثْنَا فِي كُلِّ أَمَّةٍ رَسُولًا أَنْ اعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ وَاجْتَبِنَّبُوا الطَّغْوَتَ
(And Verily, We have sent among every Ummah a Messenger (proclaiming): "Worship Allah, and avoid the Taghut (false deities.") (16:36) A discussion of the word Hanif has already been mentioned previously and in Surat Al-An`am, so there is no need to repeat it here.

(وَيَقِيمُوا الصَّلَاةَ)

(and perform Salah) And this is the best of the physical forms of worship.

(وَيَحْوَلُوا الزَّكَاةَ)

(and give Zakah,) This is doing good to the poor and the needy.

(وَذَٰلِكَ دِينُ الْقِيَّمَةِ)

(and that is the right religion.) meaning, the upright and just religion, or the nation that is straight and balanced.

(إنَّ الْذِّينَ كَفَرُوا مِنْ أَهْلِ الْكِتَابِ وَالمُشْرِكِينَ
في نَارِ جَهَنَّمَ خَلْدَينَ فيهَا أُوْلِئِكَ هُمْ شُرُّ الْبَرِيَّةِ
- إنَّ الْذِّينَ ءًامَنُوا وَعَمَلُوا الصَّلَاةَ وَالْبِكْرَا
- حَيْرُ الْبَرِيَّةِ - جَزَأَوْهُمْ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ جَنَّتًا عَدْنَ
تَجْرُى مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الأَنْهَرُ خَلْدَينَ فِيهَا أَبْدًا
رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُمْ وَرَضُوْا عَنْهُ دَلِّكَ لَمَّا خَشَى
رَبُّهُ)

(6. Verily, those who disbelieve from among the People of the Scripture and idols, will abide in the fire of Hell. They are the worst of creatures.) (7. Verily, those who believe and do righteous good deeds, they are the best of creatures.) (8. Their reward with their Lord is Eternal Gardens, underneath which rivers flow. They will abide therein forever, Allah will be pleased with them, and they well-pleased with Him. That is for him who fears his Lord.)

Mentioning the Worse and Best of Creation and Their Recompense

Allah informs of what will happen to the wicked disbelievers among the People of the Scripture and the idolators who oppose the Allah's divinely revealed Books and the Prophets whom He
sent. He says that they will be in the fire of Hell on the Day of Judgement and they will abide therein forever. This means that they will remain in it and they will have no way out of it and they will not cease being in it.

(أوَلَئِكَ هُمُ شَرُّ الْبَرَيْةَ)

(They are the worst of creatures.) meaning, they are the worst creation that Allah has fashioned and created. Then Allah informs about the situation of the righteous people who believed in their hearts and performed righteous deeds with their bodies. He says that they are the best of creation. Abu Hurayrah and a group of the scholars have used this Ayah as a proof that the believers have a status among the creatures that is better than the angels. This is because Allah says,

(أوَلَئِكَ هُمُ خَيْرُ الْبَرَيْةَ)

(They are the best of creatures.) Then Allah says,

(جَزَـأَوْهُمْ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ)

(Their reward with their Lord) meaning, on the Day of Judgement.

(جَبَـتُ عَدَّةٌ تَجْرَى مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الآلَـهَـرُ خَلْدِينَ فيـهَا أَبَداً)

(is Eternal Gardens underneath which rivers flow. They will abide therein forever,) meaning, having no end, no break and no conclusion.

(رِضْيَى اللَّهُ عَنْهُمْ وَرَضُوْا عَـنْهُ)

(Allah will be pleased with them, and they well-pleased with Him.) The condition of Him being pleased with them is more illustrious than all of the everlasting delights that they will be given.

(وَرَضْوُا عَـنْهُ)

(and they well-pleased with Him.) Due to the comprehensive favors He has given them. Then Allah says,

(ذَلِكَ لِمَنْ خَشِى رَبَّهُ)
(That is for him who fears his Lord.) meaning, this is the reward that will be attained by those who revere Allah and fear Him as He deserves to be feared. This is the person who worships Allah as if he sees Him, and he knows that even though he does not see Him, indeed Allah sees him. Imam Ahmad recorded from Abu Hurayrah that the Messenger of Allah said,

»أملأَ أَخْبِرُكُمْ بِخَيْرِ الْبَرَيْةِ؟»

(Shall I not inform you of the best of creation) They said, "Of course, O Messenger of Allah!" He said,

"رَجُلٌ أَخْذَ بَعْنَانَ فَرَسِهِ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ، كُلْمَا كَانَتْ هَيْعَةً أَسْتَوَى عَلَيْهِ. أَلَا أَخْبِرُكُمْ بِخَيْرِ الْبَرَيْةِ؟"

(A man who takes the reins of his horse in the way of Allah, and whenever there is a fearful cry from the enemy, he climbs upon it. Shall I not inform you of the best of creation) They said, "Of course, O Messenger of Allah!" He said,

"رَجُلٌ فِي نَّطَلَةٍ مِنْ عَنْمِهِ، يُقِيمُ الصَّلَاةَ وَيَؤْتِي الزَّكَاةً. أَلَا أَخْبِرُكُمْ بِشَرَّ الْبَرَيْةِ؟"

(A man who has a flock of sheep and he establishes the prayer and gives the obligatory charity. Shall I not inform you of the worst of creation) They said, "Of course." He said,

"الَّذِي يُسَأَلُ بِاللَّهِ وَلَا يُعْطَى بِهِ"

(The person who is asked by Allah and he does not give by Him.) This is the end of the Tafsir of Surat Lam Yakun (Al-Bayyinah), and all praise and thanks are due to Allah.

The Tafsir of Surah Idha Zulzilat (Az-Zalzalah)

(Chapter - 99)

Which was revealed in Makkah

The Virtues of Surat Az-Zalzalah

Imam Ahmad recorded from `Abdullah bin Amr that he said, "A man came to the Messenger of Allah and said, `Teach me what to recite, O Messenger of Allah!' The Prophet said,